GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE, NANDIKOTKUR DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

Plant Pathology and Plant Diseases

Unit 1: Plant Pathogens, Survival, and Dispersal

Short Answer Questions:

- 1. Define plant pathology and explain its importance.
- 2. List some examples of plant pathogenic organisms and the diseases caused by them.
- 3. What are the criteria for classifying plant diseases?
- 4. Explain the concept of active and passive dispersal of plant pathogens.
- 5. Write a brief account of the survival mechanisms of plant pathogens.

Long Answer Questions:

- 1. Discuss the scope and objectives of plant pathology.
- 2. Describe the major famines in world history caused by plant diseases.
- 3. Explain the different methods by which plant pathogens survive in nature.
- 4. Compare and contrast active and passive dispersal mechanisms of plant pathogens with examples.

Unit 2: Infection and Pathogenesis in Plants

Short Answer Questions:

- 1. What is the infection process in plants? Explain pre-penetration, penetration, and post-penetration stages.
- 2. Discuss the role of enzymes in plant pathogenesis.
- 3. Write a note on the role of toxins in plant diseases.
- 4. How do growth regulators contribute to plant pathogenesis?
- 5. Describe the defense mechanisms employed by plants against pathogens.

Long Answer Questions:

1. Explain the stages of the infection process in plants with relevant examples.

- 2. Discuss the roles of enzymes, toxins, and growth regulators in plant pathogenesis.
- 3. Write an essay on the various defense mechanisms of plants against pathogenic infections.
- 4. Elaborate on the post-penetration processes involved in plant pathogenesis.

Unit 3: Plant Disease Management

Short Answer Questions:

- 1. What is plant disease epidemiology? Why is it important?
- 2. Explain the concept of plant disease forecasting and its applications.
- 3. Write a note on biological control methods for plant disease management.
- 4. What is host plant resistance? How does it help in managing plant diseases?
- 5. Define Integrated Disease Management (IDM) and explain its advantages.

Long Answer Questions:

- 1. Describe the general principles of plant disease management.
- 2. Discuss the regulatory, cultural, and biological methods used in plant disease control.
- 3. Explain the role of remote sensing in plant pathology and disease management.
- 4. Write an essay on Integrated Disease Management (IDM), highlighting its importance and implementation.

Unit 4: Diseases of Field Crops

Short Answer Questions:

- 1. What are the symptoms and management strategies for blast of rice?
- 2. Explain the etiology and disease cycle of bacterial blight in rice.
- 3. Write a note on the management of downy mildew in bajra.
- 4. Describe the symptoms of phytophthora blight in pigeon pea.
- 5. What are the management practices for tikka leaf spot in groundnut?

Long Answer Questions:

- 1. Discuss the symptoms, etiology, and management of blast and Tungro in rice.
- 2. Explain the disease cycle and control measures for ergot in bajra.
- 3. Write an essay on the major diseases of pigeon pea and their management.
- 4. Describe the symptoms, etiology, and disease cycle of rust and root rot in groundnut.

Unit 5: Diseases of Horticultural Crops

Short Answer Questions:

- 1. What are the symptoms of Phomopsis blight in brinjal, and how is it managed?
- 2. Describe the etiology and management of powdery mildew in okra.
- 3. Write a note on alternaria fruit spot in pomegranate.
- 4. What are the symptoms and control measures for bud rot in coconut?
- 5. Explain the management strategies for yellow vein mosaic in okra.

Long Answer Questions:

- 1. Discuss the symptoms, etiology, disease cycle, and management of basal stem rot in coconut.
- 2. Write an essay on the major diseases of brinjal and their management practices.
- 3. Describe the symptoms and management of alternaria fruit spot and anthracnose in pomegranate.
- 4. Explain the disease cycle and control measures for little leaf in brinjal.